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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.
Give fools their gold, and knaves their power;
Let fortune's bubbles rise and fall;
Who sows a field, or trains a flower,
Or plants a tree, is more than all.

John Greenleaf Whittier.

AUTUMN 1916
CATALOGUE
of
CHOICE
BULBS
Etc.,
For Fall Planting

Grown and Offered by
Olaf J. Wingren

LA CONNER, WASHINGTON.
Wingren’s "TYEE" Pansy Seed.
1916 Crop.

To obtain the best result with pansies, it is necessary to start with a good strain. There may be in existence Pansies as good as our Tyee pansies, but there are none better. Wingren’s "TYEE" Pansies have never been surpassed.

The plants distinguish themselves by their robust growth, and form compact bushes of round shape, with strikingly large, healthy looking foliage.

The imposing five-spotted flowers which on long, vigorous stalks surmount the foliage in the most graceful manner, are of enormous size, perfectly round form, original structure, and unusual substance. The individual petals are exceedingly broad and cover each other in such a manner as to make the flowers appear almost double. With most of the flowers the border of every petal being conspicuously undulated and curled, which gives the flowers a striking and very peculiar appearance, entirely new to this class of plants.

The beauty, brilliancy and richness of color being the most striking; also very rare and new tones of red and brown are met with in these flowers.

Superb Pansies are not creatures of chance any more than chimes of bells just happen to be so. High-bred Pansies will never be cheap and plentiful for the same reason that blooded horses will never be purchased for a song. The methods employed to produce them are practically the same.

TYEE is an Indian name, meaning a Great Chief and I have adopted this name to designate a truly American strain of pansies which are the Great Chiefs of the pansy families.

For early spring blooms the seed should be planted in the fall not later than October 15th. If sown in a cold-frame and given slight protection during the winter, they will be ready to transplant into their permanent beds as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring and they will begin blooming in the early part of April.

PRICE. Pakage of about 500 Seed 25 cts. Quarter ounce $1.50 Half ounce $2.75 Ounce $5.00

Our aim is To Please Our Customers.
Our Motto
"The Best in the West"
General Directions to Customers.

The attention of customers is respectfully called to the following directions, which will, if followed, be an aid to purchasers as well as to myself.

Sales made subject to stock being unsold when order is received or loss by any and all unavoidable causes.

Order Early.—Send me your orders as soon as you receive my catalog, as the demand for some varieties often exceeds the supply, and those who order early are less liable to disappointment than if they waited till the rush at the time of the planting.

Forwarding. — I deliver postage paid to any postoffice within the first, second, third and fourth postal zones, bulbs, etc., in small pakages, at catalogue prices, except where otherwise noted; these postal zones take in all of Washington and Oregon and the most of Idaho and Montana. Customers beyond the fourth zone will be charged with the full amount of transportation, but an allowance of 10 per cent will be made. We also allow a 10 per cent discount to customers who call for the goods at my store, or who wish to have the goods shipped by Freight or Express at their own expense.

Cash with order.—Please send money with the order sufficient to cover the whole bill. I decline sending goods "Collect on Delivery" unless remittance be made on account to guarantee acceptance.

Remittances.—Post-office money orders are the safest way of sending remittances; Postage stamps will be accepted in small amounts, coin or bills should be sent only by registered mail.

Name and Address.—Please remember to write your Name, Post-Office, County and State; number of street or P. O. Box as distinctly as possible; also the nearest Express Office, as well as giving full directions how you wish the goods shipped.

Time of Shipments. — We aim to as far as possible, ship all orders the same day received, but in case of orders for goods out of season, we will ship at such time as we consider safe for the handling of same.

Errors.—I exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than I offer; yet in the press of business errors sometimes occur, in which event I wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory.

Our 1917 Dahlia Catalogue with revised prices; will be published early in the spring. If you fail to receive one; ask for it.
Wingren's Reliable Bulbs

"The Best in the West"

The bulbs offered in the following pages are with but a few exceptions grown at my own trial grounds, so that I am fully able to vouch for their sterling quality.

The popular but erroneous opinion that the so called Dutch Bulbs could only be successfully grown in Holland has long prevailed. However, my own trials and experiments with Dutch Bulbs extending over a period of years has thoroughly proven to my entire satisfaction and to the satisfaction of my many customers that the Puget Sound grown bulbs are fully equal and in many ways far superior to the imported bulbs.

I have repeatedly planted the home-grown bulbs side by side with the imported ones and in every instance the home-grown bulbs have come into bloom from seven to ten days and in some instances as much as fourteen days earlier than the imported bulb and in most cases the home-grown bulbs have produced larger flowers of greater substance.

To succeed with bulbs it is necessary to begin right, by getting sound bulbs of good size, don't buy cheap, undersized bulbs and expect to get the fine results obtained from such bulbs as I offer.

All the bulbs listed in this catalogue are of varieties tested at my trial grounds and found especially suited to our climate; any bulb or plant which does not come up to a required standard will be promptly discarded.

To the lover of flowers there is no class of plants so much prized as those which are produced from bulbs. The reason is easily found, because within the bulbs are stored all the future glory of leaves and flowers, only requiring the simplest culture to develop them in their highest perfection. Success is therefore the rule.

Another reason why bulbs are prized so highly is that a large number of them produce their flowers in very early spring, when the rest of nature is asleep. Then it is that the Snowdrops or Chinodoxas impart to the garden an air of warmth and cheer that cannot be accomplished in any other way. Following these modest flowers come the showier Crocus, Narcissus, Hyacinths, Tulips, etc., in all their dazzling color keeping up a continuous display well into the summer.

I do not claim that my prices are the lowest, nor have coveted the reputation of running a "cheap place". Nevertheless, upon careful comparison with other bulb lists you will find my prices very reasonable, and here let me call your attention to the fact that unless otherwise noted the prices quoted in the following pages include transportation charges to any postoffice within the first, second, third and fourth postal zones.
Dutch Hyacinths.

Ready for delivery in September. No orders will be accepted later than November 15th.

The Hyacinth is so well known and esteemed that any description of its many good qualities is needless. The list offered includes the very best varieties in shades of red, white, blue, yellow, etc.

Outdoor Culture.—The bulbs may be planted any time from October to December—the earlier the better. They succeed in any good, well-drained garden soil. Set the bulbs so that the tops will be 3 or 4 inches below the surface and 6 to 10 inches apart.

Pot Culture.—Plantings may be made at any time from September to December. A light, rich soil, with a mixture of well rotted cow manure, is the most suitable. Use a 4 or 5 inch pot, and have the tops of the bulbs just above the surface. After potting give a good watering, and set away in a cool cellar or outhouse and cover with coal ashes or some litter, until thoroughly rooted; this usually takes from 6 to 8 weeks. During this period be careful that they do not become dry. They may then be brought as wanted for a succession of flowers into a cool, light room. After the spikes are fully developed they may be placed in the dining or sitting-room or wherever they are wanted.

We offer the following choice varieties of Home Grown Single Named Hyacinths.

First Sized Mammoth Bulbs 15 cts. each. $1.50 per dozen
Second Sized Bulbs 10 cts. each. $1.00 per dozen
Baron van Thuyll.—Rich purplish-blue; very large.
Baronne van Thuyll.—Pure white; popular bedder; extra fine.
Gertrude.—Deep rose; extra fine for bedding, having erect truss.
Grandeur a’Merville.—The finest blush white variety; makes a splendid spike.
Grand Maître.—Deep porcelain-blue.
Gigantien.—Soft blush-pink; very large spike of closely set bells.
King of the Blues.—The finest of the rich deep blue varieties.
King of the Yellows.—Fine golden-yellow, does well outdoors.
La Grandesse.—Magnificent clear white; considered the finest of all whites.
L’Innocence.—Deservedly the most popular pure white; good for all purposes.
Madame van ver Hoop.—Pure white; large bells; a splendid sort.
Marie.—Fine dark blue; large spike.
Moreno.—A beautiful lively pink; very large spike and bells; splendid for pots.

Queen of the Blues.—Clear silvery azure-blue; beautiful.
Roi des Belges.—Brillianth crimson-scarlet; a grand bedder.
Yellow Hammer.—Considered the best pure yellow: fine spike and bells.

Special Offer.—I will send 3 of each of the 10 varieties listed above, 48 bulbs, first sized mammoth bulbs, for $5.00. second size, $3.50

Dutch Roman Hyacinths.

These are small bulbs of the single-flowering Dutch Hyacinths, and excellent for growing in pans, pots or boxes, blooming early and freely. They may be planted close together in the pans, or in beds in the open ground, with charming effect.

We offer the following choice varieties at 6 cts. each. 60 cts. per dozen.

Gertrude.—A splendid rosy pink.
Gigantea.—Soft blush or shell-pink.
King of the Blues.—Rich, deep blue.
La Grandesse.—Snow white.
L’Innocence.—Purest white.
Queen of the Blues.—Silvery azure-blue.
Roi des Belges.—Brilliant crimson-scarlet.

Tulips.

Ready for delivery in September. Orders for tulips must reach us not later than November 1st.

The tulip is always attractive from its beauty and brilliancy of color, and is one of the popular spring flowers. A few bulbs scattered here and there produce but little effect, but when planted in masses or in small groups, they become at once grand and brilliant, and eclipse in variety of coloring and picturesque effect almost any other flower. We only offer such kinds as can be used with perfect success either indoors or out in the garden. The tulip requires cultural treatment similar to Hyacinths; the bulbs, being smaller, should not be planted so deep. When grown indoors put six bulbs in a 6-inch pot.

To assist in the selection of varieties that grow to the same height and bloom together we give directly after the name of each variety the average height in inches, those marked E come into bloom first, followed by those marked M, while the varieties marked L are the latest.
Single Early Tulips.

Chrysolora. (10 M). Rich pure yellow per doz. 35
Couleur Cardinal.—Rich cardinal red. per doz. 50
Cottage Maid. (10 M). White, bordered and suffused rosy-pink per doz. 35
Joost van den Vondel. (12 M) Conceded to be the largest and finest pure white per doz. 50
L’Immaculee. (10 E). Pure white; very early...per doz. 30
Pink Beauty. (12 M). Rich, glowing rosy-pink, flushed with snowy-white at the base of petals...per doz. 75
Pottebakker Yellow. (12 M). Very large and fine yellow per doz. 35
Prince of Austria. (12 L). Orange-scarlet; a striking color; sweet scented per doz. 35
Proserpine. (10 M). Glossy carmine-rose...per doz. 50
Queen of the Netherlands. (12 M). Exquisite shade of soft blush-pink shaded with white; enormous globular flower...per doz. 45
Rose Grisdelin.—Delicate pink... per doz. 40
Rose Luisante. (10 M) Brilliant deep pink. per doz. 45
Silver Standard. (10 M). White, flaked and striped with crimson; fine...per doz. 45
Thomas Moore. (12 L). Rich, brilliant, orange-scarlet; sweet-scented...per doz. 30
White Hawk. (10 M) A fine pure white... per doz. 45
Choice Mixed Tulips. 25 cts. per doz.$2.25 per 100

May Flowering, Cottage Garden or Boulevard Tulips.

This beautiful class is becoming more popular each season. They are quite distinct from the early-flowering sorts, coming into bloom in this vicinity about the first of May, or two to three weeks later than early flowering types, and extending the Tulip season over a period of four weeks or more.

On account of their extreme hardiness, they are specially adapted for the permanent hardy flower border, where they should be liberally planted in clumps or masses. For bedding they are superb, while as cut flowers they are much to be preferred to the early type, having long stems with flowers of great substance that stand cut in a perfect condition for a long time. I offer the following selection with every confidence that they will give complete satisfaction. The heights given are actual measurements taken at my trial grounds. These, of course, are liable to vary according to soil and other conditions. In planting, the bulbs should be set a little deeper than ordinary Tulips, a covering of 4 inches being about right.
Bouton d'Or. (21 inches). Rich, buttery orange yellow cup-shaped flowers. The anthers are black and make a striking contrast with the yellow when the flowers are expanded .................................................. per doz. .25

Gesneriana Spatulata. 28 inches). A superb Tulip of strong yet graceful growth, and bearing very large flowers of an intense brilliant crimson-scarlet with glittering blue-black center. No words or picture can begin to do this Tulip justice. It should be planted in generous quantity ............................................ per doz. .75

Golden Crown. (22 inches). Large flowers with pointed petals, color rich yellow, petals faintly edged with red; a good bedder ................................................................. per doz. .35

Inglescombe Pink. (18 inches). A rare blending of buff and salmon. Most attractive in both form and coloring ................................................................. per doz. .50

La Merville. (18 inches). A magnificent variety with very large, artistic, sweet-scented blossoms and of a striking color, being salmony-rose overlaid with orange-red, very effective in beds or borders..per doz. .40

Picotee (Maidens Blush). (24 inches). Pure white, daintily edged with pink, which suffuses the entire flower as it ages; beautiful as a cut flower.................................per doz. .40

Retroflexa. (22 inches). Clear yellow, with beautiful recurved petals ................................................................. per doz. .40

Royal White. (18 inches). Splendid globular flowers of pure white, the center of the petals slightly tinted with creamy yellow ............................................................. per doz. .80

Shandon Bells, Isabella or Blushing Bride. (18 inches). A pretty variety opening out a creamy-yellow tinted with blush, turning, as the flower ages, to a carmine pink; a charming transformation .................................per doz. .40

Snowdon. (20 inches). Beautiful goblet-shaped flowers of snow-white, suffused on the margin with delicate rosy-lavender; a rare color combination and much admired as a cut flower .................................................. per doz. .45

**Darwin Tulips.**

Handsome May-flowering class and quite distinct in style of growth from the other late-flowering sorts; stately in appearance, attaining a height of 24 to 30 inches, and bearing on strong stems beautiful globular flowers of remarkably heavy texture, in a large range of colors, embracing almost every conceivable tint in rose, heliotrope, claret, maroon, crimson and other rich and rare shades. Unsurpassed for bedding and for cutting. The sorts offered below were selected out of a large collection as being the best and most distinct. Truly the aristocrats of the Tulip family.

Allard Pierson.—Color a very dark brown, a very handsome flower ................................................................. per doz. .60

Clara Butt.—Soft salmony pink, tinged with blush. doz. 50
Dream.—A beautiful shade of lilac; extra fine...per doz. .75
Glow.—Brilliant, glowing vermilion, blue center..per doz. .70
Gretchen.—Outside of petals delicate blush; inside soft rose; fine .......................................................per doz. .50
La Candeur: (White Queen). A beautiful pure white........
........................................................................ per doz. .60
La Triestesse.—Lilac, shading to blue; beautiful..per doz. .60
Mr. Farnecombe Saunders.—Rich brilliant scarlet; extra fine ............................................................per doz. .60
Mme. Krelage.—Vivid rosy pink .........................................per doz. .70
Mrs. Potter Palmer.—Rich glowing purple.................per doz. .70
Rev. Ewbank.—Bright heliotrope; very distinct....per doz. .60
Pride of Haarlem.—Immense flowers of deep rose, shaded scarlet ..........................................................per doz. .75
The Sultan.—This might be called The Black Tulip, being a rich, glossy, black maroon; extra fine......per doz. .40
Wedding Vail.—A beautiful silvery white...............per doz. 1.00

Parrot or Dragon Tulip.

Very large flowers of singular and picturesque forms and brilliant colors; very beautiful and interesting. The petals are curiously fringed or cut. They form extravagantly showy flower beds or borders, are of endless variety of form and color, stand a long time when cut, and should be grown in every flower garden in quantity.

We are offering our entire assortment of these tulips at the remarkably low price of 25 cts. per dozen. $2.25 per 100 for named varieties. Choice mixed bulbs at 20 cts. per doz. $1.50 per 100

Admiral de Constantinople.—Orange scarlet with blackish markings
Cramoise Brilliant.—Rich crimson with black markings
Lutea Major.—Clear yellow, feathered with red and green
Markgraaf van Baden.—Yellow flamed scarlet
Monstre rubra Major.—Scarlet, extra fine for forcing or bedding
Perfecta.—Striped yellow and red

Crocus.

This brilliant and universally admired spring flower will thrive in any soil or situation, but to be brought to the highest perfection it should be grown in an open bed or border of deep, rich sandy loam. When planted in large groups or lines of distinct colors, the effect is very striking, and the bulbs are now offered so cheap as to justify their liberal use. They are invaluable for pot culture. To secure a succession of blooms commence planting early in October, 6 or 8 bulbs in a pot, using rich soil and planting about an inch deep. Place the pots on a surface of ashes, cover the top one inch
deep with soil, until the leaves appear, when they may be removed to the house. They can also be grown in saucers or bowls the same as the Chinese Sacred Lily.

WINGREN'S GIANT NAMED CROCUS.
Will not be supplied later than October 15th.

These are large bulbs of the best varieties, and are remarkable for richness of color and size of their flowers, and are the best to use for pot culture or where extra fine results are wanted.

The following varieties will all be supplied at the uniform price of 20 cts. per dozen. $1.50 per 100

Albion.—Color purple; a giant in size
Baron von Branow.—Dark blue
King of the Whites.—Purest white; large flower and very free

Madam Hina.—White, striped lavender blue
Mont. Blanc.—Large pure white

Purpurea Grandiflora.—A grand purple variety
Sir Walter Scott.—White, striped with violet
Cloth of Gold.—Golden yellow veined brown on the outside

Queen Victoria.—Pure white
Mamouth Yellow.—Golden yellow, very large bulbs and very free-flowering

Narcissus or Daffodils.

Ready for delivery in September. Orders must reach us before November 1st.

There are no hardy bulbous plants which have more points of merits than the Narcissus or Daffodils. Perfectly hardy, growing and doing well in almost any and every position, sun or shade, moist or dry. All conditions seem to suit them, although they have a preference for a good, deep soil and a semi-shaded position. They are equally desirable for pot culture or for winter flowering; given the same treatment as advised for Hyacinths, the dull winter or early spring months can be made bright with their exquisite gold and silver blossoms. But it is outdoors that Narcissus do best, and once planted need no further attention, the clumps multiplying and giving larger and finer results each year, and from an original planting of a few hundred bulbs in two or three years may be cut thousands of flowers without missing them.

In describing Narcissus it is usual to give the color of the perianth or petals surrounding the trumpet and the color of the trumpet or crown.
Large Trumpet Narcissus.

This type is the showiest of the genus, and also the most useful, growing easily either indoors or in the open ground. Every one of the varieties of this type offered are deserving of extensive planting, and you can set out any of them with full assurance that you will get a bountiful harvest of blossoms in the spring.

Albicans or Silver Trumpet. — The large white Swans-neck or white Spanish Daffodil; perianth white with large bold pale primrose trumpet which changes to pure white; a beautiful chaste flower, delicately musk scented. per doz. .50

Bicolor Grande. — Flowers of the largest size, with broad, pure white petals and yellow trumpets, flowering about two weeks later than Empress and valuable for succession .................................................. per doz. .40

Bicolor Victoria. — A new variety, perianth creamy-white, trumpet rich yellow delicately perfumed; unsurpassed for pot culture and always satisfactory out of doors ........................................................................ per doz. .60

Emperor. — A magnificent flower; perianth deep primrose; trumpet rich golden yellow. It is one of the finest Daffodils in cultivation and much prized for cutting .................................................. per doz. .50

Empress. — Perianth snow white, trumpet rich yellow, serrated and flanged at the edges, large in outline and of rare beauty for cutting ........................................................ per doz. .50

Golden Spur. — Large spreading full, deep, rich, yellow perianth and trumpet. A charming, richly perfumed flower, and one of the very best of the Golden trumpets, flowering early and freely ........................................ per doz. .60

Gold Finch. — A most beautiful deep golden-yellow of excellent shape and good substance. ........................... per doz. 1.25

Glory of Leiden — “The King of Daffodils.” Well named and deserving of the title, being the most massive of all the yellow trumpets, flowers held boldly erect on stout, strong stems, and, unlike many floral aristocrats, it is of the easiest culture, and is as much at home in pots as out in the garden ...... per doz. 2.00

Henry Irving. — Remarkable for its deep yellow, imbricated, wheel-shaped perianth and large trumpeter of a lovely golden-yellow hue; a fine variety for any purpose ................................................................. per doz. .45

Maximus. “Hale’s vase of Beaten Gold.” A grand, deep, golden-yellow flower. For cutting this variety is unexcelled .................................................. per doz. .60

Mme. de Graaf. — One of the largest and finest of all white Trumpet Daffodils, perianth pure white, trumpet very pale primrose, passing to pure white; a most refined and delicate flower. Strong healthy grower. ............... per doz. 2.00
Ume. Plemp.—A bi-color of recent introduction. The flowers are of immense size with very large, bold rich golden yellow trumpet and gracefully twisted pure white perianth, which gives the flower a very artistic appearance notwithstanding its massive build. .................. per doz. 1.00

Trumpet Major.—(Single van Sion). A large and shapely flower of a rich yellow color throughout. Comes into bloom early and is excellent for forcing or bedding ........................................................................................................ per doz. .50

Chalice-Cup or Star Narcissus.

This class is also known as the medium trumpets, and comprises some of the most beautiful and graceful forms. All are especially adapted for naturalizing, being of free growth and multiplying rapidly.

Figaro.—A large well-formed flower, with spreading lemon yellow perianth, cup yellow, shaded with orange. per doz. .40

Incomparabilis Beauty.—One of the most perfect and largest of this beautiful group; perianth clear yellow, crown or trumpet somewhat deeper, margined with orange red; fine for cutting. .................. per doz. .75

Incomparabilis Lucifer.—One of the showiest and most striking varieties; the flowers, which are produced with remarkable freedom, averaging three to a bulb, are of large size, the perianth pure white, while the crown or trumpet is a brilliant orange scarlet, the contrast being decided and producing an effect that attracts the attention of every one. .......................... per doz. 2.00

Leedslii Elegans.—Pure white perianth, broad and overlapping, large white cup, edged with sulphur; free bloomer and exquisite as a cut flower per doz. .30

Leedslii Mrs. Langtry.—Pure white perianth, broad and overlapping, large white cup, edged bright canary yellow free bloomer and exquisite as a cut flower per doz. .40

Sir Watkin.—“Giant Chalice Flower” or “Big Welshman.” A gigantic flower, the largest in this section; perianth sulphur-yellow, cup slightly deeper in color and tinged with orange; fine for pot culture; in fact does well everywhere ....................................... per doz. .50

Stella.—One of the first to bloom; flowers are star-shaped; pure white with yellow cup; large, wonderfully free-blooming and one of the very best for general decoration or for cutting................. per doz. .60

The Poets Narcissus.

This is the old-fashioned favorite type, with white flowers, the cups margined with red and with rich, spicy odor. For indoor culture the King Edward VII and Ornatus is best. All do well in the open border, are perfectly hardy, and once planted take care of themselves.
Bifloms.—Pure white perianth, with soft yellow crown, 2 to 3 flowers on each stock; late flowering; very sweetly scented ........................................per doz. .25

Poeticus. (Pheasant’s Eye or Poet’s Narcissus.) Flowers snow-white, with beautiful cup suffused with bright orange-red; blooms in May; very fragrant; extra fine for cutting ..................................................per doz. .25

$1.25 per 100. $7.20 per 1000

Poeticus Ornatus.—Until the introduction of King Edward VII, the most perfect form of Poet’s Narcissus. It is more symmetrical than the old Poeticus, and blooms almost a month earlier; flowers large, pure white, cup margined with scarlet and as fragrant as the type .................................................................per doz. .30

Jonquils.

Jonquils are a small flowering type of Narcissus and are prized for their graceful, golden, fragrant blossoms and the ease with which they may be grown. Given the same treatment as recommended for Hyacinths a fine display can be had indoors from January to April. Planted outdoors in the hardy border they give an indescribably rich effect in the early spring, while a vase of the cut blooms will fill a room with the rich, spicy odor.

Campernelle.—A grand variety, producing freely large yellow flowers, very sweetly scented; a strong grower, doing well in almost any position. .......................... per doz. .35

Campernelle Rugulosus.—The largest and finest of all Jonquils; a handsome flower; color pure yellow; very fragrant ..............................................................per doz. .25

Double Daffodil.

No collection of Narcissus is complete without the double-flowering sorts; they possess a charm peculiarly their own. All are perfectly hardy and are much in demand for cutting.

Alba Plena Odorata.—Double pure white; very sweet scented .................................................. per doz. .30

Sulphur or Silver Phoenix.—Creamy-white, with pale sulphur center, considered the finest of the double sorts .................................................................per doz. .50

.................................................................................................................. per 100 $3.00

Van Sion. (Telamonius plenus). The famous old Dutch Daffodil; flowers golden yellow; fine for forcing and excellent for bedding in conjunction with Hyacinths, flowering at the same time........................per doz. .45

POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.

Beautiful free-flowering, deliciously sweet-scented flowers, of the easiest culture; suitable for forcing or for growing in water in the same way as the Chinese Sacred Narcissus. They bear tall spikes of bloom, with from 6 to 20 flowers each.
Paper White Grandiflora.—An improved large-flowering form of the Paper White; it is now the principal forcing sort and does splendidly in water, like the Chinese Sacred Lily per doz. .50

White Pearl.—Large, pure, satiny white; beautiful per doz. .50

NARCISSUS IN MIXTURE.

Special Offer.

We have on hand a limited supply of mixed Narcissi bulbs which while they last will be sold at 20 cts. per dozen. $1.00 per 100 $7.50 per 1000

This mixture contains practically all the different type of Narcissus such as the Double and Single Trumpets, Star, Poets and double narcissus. Just the bulbs you want for naturalizing among shrubbery etc. where they may remain undisturbed.

Ornithogalum Umbelatum.—This is the common Star of Bethlehem; Pretty little white flowers which planted in masses gives splendid effect. per doz. .20

Wingren's Superb Bulbous Iris.

Unlike most sorts these come in bulb form, just like tulips, and should be planted and cared for in the same way. No garden should be without some of the varieties, especially as they are valuable for cutting.

SPANISH IRIS.

These have appropriately been called "the Orchids of the Hardy Flower Garden," some of the choicer orchids being their only rivals, and even they can hardly be said to exceed them in richness, variety and beauty. They are of the simplest culture, succeeding in almost any soil or position. The bulbs should be planted 2 to 3 inches deep and 6 inches apart, early enough in the autumn to make some growth before frost comes. The bulbs may either be lifted after blooming or allowed to remain, giving good results for a number of years.

We offer the following select named varieties at 25 cts. per doz.

Athalia.—Pure white, fine for cutting.

Chrysolora.—Clear canary-yellow.

Snowball.—Pure white, one of the best.

Thumlerbolt.—Brown bronze, extra fine.

ENGLISH IRIS.

Somewhat like the Spanish Iris, but with heavier foliage and larger flowers and coming into bloom two weeks later and are perfectly Hardy.

L’Innocence.—Pure white, a splendid cut flower. per doz. .50

Othello.—Dark blue, beautiful. per doz. .50
German Iris.

The German Iris are among the most desirable and easiest grown of our spring-flowering hardy plants, producing in May their showy flowers of exquisite coloring, combining the richest and most delicate tints. For best results plant in the fall in a well drained sunny position, barely covering the roots.

Gazelle.—White frilled rich mauve.
Honorabilis.—Standards golden-yellow, falls mahogany brown.
La Tendresse.—Ageratum blue throughout.
Mme. Cher au.—Standards and falls pure white, daintily edged with light blue.
Plicata.—Standards and falls bright violet purple.
Shakespeare.—Standards straw-yellow, vained with burnt umber falls deep carmine violet.
Price.—Any of the above, 25 cts. each, $2.50 per dozen.

Imperial Japanese Iris.

The improved form of this beautiful flower have placed them in the same rank popularly as the Paeonies. Coming into flower about the middle of June and continuing for five or six weeks, they fill in a period when flowers of this attractive type are particularly welcome.

They succeed in almost any soil and position, but respond quickly to liberal treatment. They like rich soil and plenty of water when they are forming their buds and developing the flowers.

Order either by name or number.

No.
13—Yedo-jiman.—Rich royal purple.
16—Kumoma-no-sora.—One of the handsomest three petaled sorts; silvery-white delicately suffused with light blue.
29—Rish-no-toma.—Fine large flower. Six petals, silvery white, densely vained and minutely dotted with violet-blue.
55—Shuchinkwe.—Crimson-purple with white vains.
60—Kagaribi.—Six petals, groundcolor white, beautifully traced and marbled with ultramarin-blue in such a manner as to appear lace-like.
67—Kigan-no-misas o.—A late flowering pure white.
107—Tokyo.—The finest pure white, 6 petals.

Price.—Any of the above. 35 cts. each. $3.50 per dozen.

NOTE. The German and Japanese Iris may be planted at any time from October 1st. to April 1st. but for the best results we advise Autumn planting.
Wingren's Perfect Paeonies.

We strongly advise fall planting of Paeonies, but will deliver them at any time from September 15th. to about March 15th.

The Herbaceous Paeonies have always held an important place among hardy plants, and with the wonderful improvements made during recent years have established themselves among the leaders for popular favor. Their requirements are so simple, a good rich, deep soil and a liberal supply of water during their growing season, being sufficient to give an abundance and wealth of flowers which rival the finest roses in coloring, and produce during their flowering season a gorgeous effect not equalled by any other flower. They are perfectly hardy, requiring no protection whatever even in the most severe climate, are not troubled with insect pests or disease of any kind, and once planted will take care of themselves, increasing in beauty each year.

An important point to observe in the planting of Herbaceous Paeonies is not to plant too deep. The roots should be placed so that the crowns are covered with 2 inches of soil. Too deep planting is a frequent cause of shy flowering.

The varieties offered below are all grown at my own grounds and thoroughly tried so that I know they are suitable for this section of the country. If planted early they will usually bloom the first year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variety</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price each</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alexander Dumas</td>
<td>Large blooms in clusters; bright violet rose; a very choice sort.</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charlemagne</td>
<td>Lilac-white with a slight blush centre.</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Levecque</td>
<td>A beautiful delicate rose colored sort</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chrysanthemumflora Rosca</td>
<td>A fine large deep rose-pink, with paler shadings in the center; the earliest in flower</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Couronne D'Or</td>
<td>(Crown of Gold). Large imbricated flower, with yellow shadings, center petals flaked carmine; one of the finest white varieties</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duchesse de Nemours</td>
<td>Large, sulphur-white; very fragrant</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eclatante</td>
<td>Very large, showy, compact, brilliant red or tyrian rose</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eugene Verdier</td>
<td>Soft rose; one of the most beautiful in existence</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Felix Crousse</td>
<td>Large ball-shaped bloom; very brilliant red; one of the finest self-colored varieties</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Franchis Ortegat</td>
<td>Brilliant crimson; full double flower; one of the richest</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Festiva Maxima</td>
<td>Pure white, center petals occasionally tipped red; the most popular white for cutting</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humei Rosca</td>
<td>Beautiful pale rose; late</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lady Bramwell</td>
<td>A beautiful silvery-rose of fine form</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
La Tulipe.—Very large pale lilac, almost white; a pleasing shade..........................each .50
Marie Lemoine. (Lemoine's). Extra large, free-flowering ivory white. One of the latest varieties......each .50
Mme. Crousse.—Purest white, very large; very sweet scented ........................................each .50
Mme. Calot.—One of the best early sorts, large flowers of a pale hydrangea-pink. Very delicate when cut in bud state. ................................................................. each .75
Queen Victoria.—A very good early white.........................each .35

PAEONIA OFFICINALLIS.

This is the real old fashioned 'Peony' and comes into bloom from ten days to two weeks earlier than the above sorts. All are good strong growers, with large, full, double, fragrant flowers.

Alba.—Blush-white; very fine ............................... each .50
Rosea.—Bright rose-pink. .................................... each .35
Rubra.—Brilliant, glowing deep crimson. .................. each .35

Choice Roses for Fall Planting

We recommend fall planting of roses. If they are given some protection during the winter, growth will start with the first sunny days of spring and the bloom will be more abundant than if planting is deferred until spring.

The stock offered below is all strong, healthy and field-grown none of the plants are less than TWO year-old, and a good many are THRTE year-old plants.

The prices given below do not include transportation charges. We will however, prepay transportation to any point in the State of Washington on all orders for roses of $3.50 or over.

Anna de Diesbach (Glory of Paris). H. P. (1858) Carmine, very large, fragrant; one of the best garden roses ................................................................. .40
Archduke Charles. B. Red changeable to pink; this old standard Bourbon variety is one of the most popular roses for street planting or where strong, vigorous, continual flowering plants are wanted. Generally opens red, sometimes changing to silver pink and again to marble rose. Foliage never mildews .......... .35
Aurora. H. T. (1898) Color clear bright pink, full and double to the center. Very fragrant. ................................. .40
Baron de Bonstetten. H. P. (1871) Velvety, blackish crimson; large, full and fragrant.......................... .35
Belle Siebrecht. H. T. (1895) Imperial pink, a rare color; large, beautifully formed. high center, free bloomer; extra good........................................ .50
Bessie Brown. H. T. (1899) Very large, fine form, creamy white, sometimes pink flush; a grand rose and most beautiful; fragrant........................................ .40

Prince Camille de Rohan. H. P. (1861) Deep velvety maroon crimson, large, full, fine form and fragrant; very beautiful. .40

Prince de Bulgarie. H. T. (1902) Deep rosy flesh, shaded with salmon; flowers very large and full. .40

Richmond. H. T. (1905) Pure blood red, fragrant, a good grower, continuous bloomer and altogether one of the best red roses for the garden ever introduced. .40

Rugosa Rosa. (Single) Color, magenta rose. .40

Sauv. de President Carnot. H. T. (1895) Flesh shaded white; a free blooming and valuable rose .40

The Lyon Rose. H. T. (1907) Crab red, center coral red with salmon and chrome yellow shading, forming a harmonious and beautiful combination of color; flowers are very large produced solitary on stiff stems. .50

Ulrich Brunner. H. P. (1882) Cherry crimson of large size and fine form; extra good. .35

Vicks Caprice. H. P. Pink, variegated. A rose that should be in every collection; a decided novelty. .40


CLIMBING ROSES.

Beauty of Glazenwood, Noi. Yellowish orange, semi-double flowers flaked with nasturtium red. .50

Blue Rambler. Pol. "Veilchenblau," or the Blue Rose, which has been so widely advertised by many growers. The flowers are reddish-violet with metallic blue shadings, a strong, vigorous grower. .50

Cecile Brunner. (Poly.) A free blooming climbing form of Cecile Brunner; bright yellowish pink. .50

Climbing Testout. H. T. (1902) A most valuable climbing sport of this well known and favorite rose. .50

Dorothy Perkins. Witch. (1902) Soft shell pink, flowering profusely in large clusters; very fragrant and lasting. .40

Gainsborough. H. T. (1903) A climbing Viscountess Folkestone; pale, satiny pink, very beautiful. .40

Gold of Ophir. N. Copper yellow, very fine. .40

Thousand Beauties. A climbing rose that comes to us from Germany. The flowers first opening are a delicate shade of pink changing to rosy c,armine. It gets its name from its many flowers and is simply a wonder. .50

Wm. Allen Richardson. (Noi.) Very deep orange-yellow, showy and distinct; a very free bloomer. .50

This lot only are climbing roses.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. H. T. (1891) In color it is a soft pearly-white, tinted with just enough lemon in the center to relieve the white; remarkably fragrant, beautifully formed flowers on long, graceful stems; a strong, free, healthy grower, with bold, handsome foliage.

La Detroit. H. T. Clear pink, a beautiful rose for any purpose.

Lady Alice Stanley. H. T. (1908) Outside of petals deep coral rose, inside pale flesh, slightly flushed deeper flesh; an attractive and pleasing combination of coloring, very vigorous grower.

Laurent Carle. H. T. (1907) Deep rosy red, large, full and exquisite form, carried on erect stems; very fine.

La France. H. T. (1867) Delicate silvery pink, very large, fine globular form, free blooming, fragrant and beautiful.

Le Progress. H. T. (1904) Nankeen yellow, opening to saffron yellow; a grand garden rose.


Mad. Melanie Sonpert. H. T. (1905) Saffron-yellow suffused with carmine and pink; very large, free blooming and one of the most distinct sorts.

Marquise de Sinety. H. T. (1905) A superb color of roman cere, shaded rosy scarlet; very large, cupped form.

Meteor. H. T. Deep rich red, one of the best.

Molly Sharman Crawford. T. (1908) Very large and full, perfectly formed, with a high pointed center; the color is delicate eau-de-nil white, which, as the flower fully expands, becomes dazzling white.


Mme. Caroline Testout. H. T. (1890) Bright satin rose, with brighter center; large, full and globular; very free and sweet; a valuable rose.

Mme. Ravary. H. T. (1906) Salmon fawn, often golden orange; free and continuous bloomer; a fine rose.

Mrs. Aaron Ward. H. T. (1907) Indian yellow washed salmon rose; a splendid rose.

Mrs. A. R. Waddell. H. T. (1903) A delicate, soft, rosy-salmon, suffused with a golden sheen; especially handsome in half expanded form.

Mrs. B. B. Cant. T. (1901) Deep rose on outer petals, inner petals soft silvery-rose suffused with buff at the base.

Paul Neyron. H. P. (1869) Deep rose, flowers enormous size, fine foliage.

Perle d’Or. Poly. (1884) Nankeen Yellow with orange center; small and full, the very best of the Polyantha roses.
Black Prince. H. P. Maroon Crimson, one of the darkest roses known ................................................................. .40

Captain Christy. H. P. (1873) Salmon flesh, distinct, large and free ................................................................. .40

Compte de Mortemart. H. P. (1881) Clear rose, large and full; fine form and a good bloomer................................. .35

Conrad Ferdinand Meyer. H. P. (1899) Very vigorous, clear silvery rose, very large and fragrant, with lovely long buds................................................................. .40

Dean Hole. H. T. (1904) A superb rose for any purpose; blooms very large, of great substance, of fine elongated form with high center; color silvery carmine, shaded salmon; absolutely distinct. ............................................ .50

Dorothy Page Roberts. H. T. (1907) Lovely shade of coppery pink, suffused apricot. ................................. .50

Etoile de France. H. T. (1905) Velvety crimson; center vivid cerise red; blooms large, full; cupped form............ .40

Fisher Holmes. H. P. (1865) Deep crimson scarlet, full and perfect form; fragrant; extra good........................................... .50

Frau Karl Druschki. H. P. (1900) This is the ideal hardy white Rose, pure in color, perfect in form; strong grower and remarkably free-flowering; superb in every way ................................................................. .40

General Jacqueminot. H. P. (1853) Brilliant crimson scarlet, very fragrant; an excellent and favorite variety for any purpose ................................................................. .35

General MacArthur. H. T. (1905) Very vigorous. Dark velvety scarlet; large, full and free blooming; very fragrant. ................................................................. .40

Geo. C. Wand. H. T. (1908) Vigorous. The flowers are large, full, perfectly formed, with highly pointed centers; the growth is erect, robust and flowering with great freedom; color, orange vermilion. ................................. .50

Gloire de Margottin. H. P. (1887) Dazzling red, almost scarlet, fragrant; a beautiful garden or pillar rose. ................................. .40

Hugh Dickson. H. P. (1904) Brilliant crimson, shaded scarlet; good size and form; petals slightly cupped and reflexed. ................................................................. .50

Irish Elegans. (Single) H. T. (1906) Vigorous. Bronze-orange, scarlet and apricot; a charming single sort. ................................. .60

Jean Note. H. T. (1908) Chrome-yellow, changing to creamy-yellow; large, full and globular. ......................... .50

Jonkheer J. L. Mock. H. T (1910) A noteworthy novelty of distinct merit, fine for cutting, best for gardens. Color carmine, changing to imperial pink, Blooms of large size, perfect formation and highly perfumed. ................................................................. .50

Joseph Hill. H. T. (1904) Beautiful clear salmon-pink, shaded outside of petals, pink orange copper; blooms large, full and perfect form................................................................. .60

Killarney. H. T. (1888) Pale pink buds, long and pointed.. .40
Hardy Perennials.

Aquilegia. (COLUMBINE) The stock we offer is of the long-spurred variety, graceful flowers of a delicate cream rising two feet or more above the foliage. each .15

ASTILBE.

Those we offer are equally suited for outdoor planting or for forcing indoors for winter decoration.

Gladstone.—Plant of symmetrical shape, bearing a profusion of fragrant, snow-white plumes well above the foliage. each .35

Japonica.—Large branching panicles of pure white feathery flowers, fine for cutting. each .30

Palmata.—One of the most striking and beautiful hardy plants in cultivation; bright crimson flowers. each .50

Queen Alexandra.—A splendid pink variety, a very free bloomer bearing its flowers well above the foliage. each .35

DELPHINIUM. (LARKSPUR)

The stock we offer are of our own careful selection of a period of a number of years. The plants are strong, vigorous habit, with large flowers in massive spikes; the majority running in the lighter shades of blue.

Price each .15

DORONICUM. (LEOPARDS BANE)

While the yellow daisies may be a drug on the market in August, this one is very welcome in March, when flowers are scarce. It springs up rapidly and bears a graceful lemon-yellow flower about three inches in diameter, with long pointed petals. Distinct, clean growth and has no weedy appearance. Splendid for cutting.

Price each .15

FUNKIA. (PLANTAIN LILY)

The Plantain Lilies are among the easiest plants to manage; their broad, massive foliage makes them attractive subjects for the border even when not in flower. They succeed equally well in sun or shade.

Alba Marginata. — Pretty green foliage, margined with white, flowers lilac. each .25

Coerulea. — Broad green leaves, blue flowers. each .15

Fortunei.—Large, glaucous-green foliage, flowers mauve. .25

Lanceolata. — Valuable by reason of its late flowering, lilac flowers in September and October. each .15

Robusta Elegans Variegata.—The most robust of all the variegated-leaved varieties; foliage large, green, with pretty white variegations. each .25

Subcordata grandiflora.—Pure white, lily-shaped, fragrant flowers in August. each .25

Thomas Hogg.—Well rounded green foliage with a broad border of white, deep lilac colored flowers. each .25

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA (BLANKET FLOWER)

Large, showy, daisy-like flowers, banded with orange and rich red. In bloom all summer and very useful for cut flowers.

Price each .15
GYPSOPHILA. (BABY'S BREATH)

The Gypsophilas will thrive in any soil in a sunny position, and on account of their gracefully araigned paniciles of minute flowers should be in every garden. They are especially valuable for use with almost all other flowers in making up bouquets.

Price each .25

HARDY PRIMROSES.

These are among the best of the early spring-blooming plants. We offer these in DOUBLE PINK, and DOUBLE WHITE, SINGLE YELLOW, and SINGLE PINK WITH YELLOW CENTER. Price 15 cts each. $1.50 per dozen.

HEMEROCALIS FLAVA. (YELLOW DAY LILY)

Popular hardy tuberous plants, belonging to the Lily family. They succeed everywhere, and should always be included in the border of old-fashioned hardy plants. Very fragrant, deep lemon-yellow flowers in June and July.

An interesting hardy perennial which once started will take care of itself for years. Large, deep crimson flowers.

Price. 15 cts. each. doz $1.50

SHASTA DAISY.

Alaska.—A decided improvement on the original; large blooms, very free flowering, pure glistening white. Clumps 25 cts.

Ostrich Plume.—The ostrich-plume daisy, as it has very appropriately been named, is a semi double form of Burbank’s famous Shasta daisy, with long, glistening, pure white petals; very long stems. Fine for cutting. Strong Clumps 25 cts. each

Seedlings. Of the new Burbank’s Double Fluted Shasta Daisy. These are a wonderful improvement over all other Shasta Daisies, they grow in size from 4 to 5 inches across, are very double with pure glistening white petals and yellow center; fine for cutting or for garden decoration. Strong Clumps 35 cts.

TRITOMA. (RED-HOT POKER)

Quartiniana.—Flowers late in May in spikes 10 to 12 inches long. orange-red when first opening, changing to yellow. each .60

Tricolor.—Three distinct colors, the buds first opening cochineal-red, then to canary yellow, last to sulphur-white. each .35

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. (ADAMS NEEDLE)

Among hardy ornamental foliage and flowering plants, this can be classed at the head of the list. Its broad, sword-like foliage and 5 to 6 feet tall, branched spikes of large, fragrant, drooping, creamy-white flowers during June and July make it an effective plant for all positions. Price 25 cts. each.

VIOLETS. (VIOLAS)

Princess of Wales.—A very sweet-scented single variety, of rich but soft violet-blue; the easiest to grow. each 10 cts. doz. $1.00

TUFTED PANSIES. (VIOLA CORNUTA)

The improved form of these are now considered one of the important bedding plants. In flower the entire season, the colors are mostly in purple and violet. Price 10 cts. each. $1.00 per doz.
Ornamental Shrubbery.

Althea Totus Albus.—Fine single pure white. each .25

Amorpha Fruticosa.—(FALSE INDIGO) A strong growing shrub, from 6 to 7 feet high, with finger-like spikes of indigo-colored flowers in clusters, blooms early in June. each .25

Andromeda Maryana.—(LILY OF THE VALLEY SHRUB) Of dwarf, low growth, bearing early in June panicles of waxy white drooping bell-shaped blossoms. each .25

Aralia Spinosa.—(HERCULES CLUB) A native tree-like Shrub, growing from 10 to 15 feet high, with very prickly stems, pinnate leaves and immense panicles of white flowers in August, an odd, tropical looking plant. each .50

Berberis Thunbergii.—(JAPANESE BARBERRY) A beautiful variety with small foliage and attractive scarlet berries which remain the greater part of the winter, very desirable. each .25

Berberis Vulgaris Purpurea.—(PURPLE BARBERRY) Of erect, tall growth, with fine purple foliage; the young shoots are red, and in May it bears small yellow flowers, followed in fall by bright red fruit. 25 cts each. $2.50 per dozen.

Boxwood.—The well-known Boxwood, now so popular for planting as individual specimens on the lawn, in vases and window boxes, and for the fine formal and decorative effects that can be produced by the many shapes into which this plant can be trimmed. Prices from 25 cts. to $1.50

CALLUNA. (HEATHER)

Very handsome small shrubs, well adapted for borders of evergreens or for sunny, stony or sandy slopes and banks with moist surroundings. Cut branches keep their lifelike appearance for months.

Vulgaris Elegantissima.—The true white schotch heather. Price each .50

Alporti.—Vigorous grower, with rosy-carmine flowers. each .50

Cornus Alba Siberica.—(SIBERIAN DOGWOOD) A strong growing variety, crimson colored branches in winter. Price each .25

Cornus Sericea.—A reddish-stemmed variety of strong growth, corymbs of white flowers late in June, followed by pretty blue berries in October. Price each .25

Cottoneaster.—Beautiful, useful shrub, of low growth, with excellent foliage and showy, red fruit, which remains on the branches all winter. They grow well in a sunny position, and in any ordinary, well drained soil. While classed as Evergreens they are not wholly so in unusually cold winters, but ordinarily hold their foliage through the season. Prices. 25 cts. 35 cts. and 50 cts.

Cytisus Laburnum.—(GOLDEN CHAIN) A dwarf tree or large shrub with shining green leaves and long, drooping racemes of yellow flowers which appear in early summer. Prices. 25 cts. 50 cts. and 75 cts.
DEUTZIAS.

Well-known profuse flowering Shrubs, blooming in spring or early summer. Succeed in any sunny position.

Deutzia Crenata Rosea Plena.—Double white, tinged with pink; very desirable tall Shrub. ————Price each .25

Deutzia Candidissima Plena.—A fine tall double white each .25

Deutzia Gracilis.—A favorite dwarf bush, covered with spikes of pure white flowers in early summer. ————Price each .25

Deutzia Lemoine.—Without doubt one of the very best dwarf hardy Shrubs; flowers very large and produced in coneshaped heads of purest white, which open out very full. — each .25

Deutzia Scabra.—Large white, tinged pink. — Price each .25

English Filbert.— (Hazel Nut) A Shrub or small Tree which is one that is useful as well as ornamental. In this locality it commences bearing when quite young and as it grows older bears nuts of unsurpassed flavor in enormous quantity.

Prices. 25cts. 50cts. and 75cts.

English Laurel.—A small tree or bush, with handsome, shining foliage. Justly popular on the Pacific Coast. Its glossy, evergreen foliage makes it equally beautiful both summer and winter. It can be planted as a single specimen plant or in pairs at gates or entrances. Price 35cts. 50cts. and 75cts.

Fraxinus Ornus. — (Flowering Ash) Small and neat-growing, with terminal panicles of fringe-like, greenish-white flowers in May or June. Price. 35cts. and 50cts.

Genista Scoparia.—(Cochranch broom) Rapid-growing Shrub; trusses of bright yellow flowers in early spring. 25cts. and 55cts.

Hydrangea Arborescence Grandiflora.—This magnificent, perfectly hardy American shrub has snow-white blossoms of largest size. One of its most valuable characteristics is its coming into bloom just after the passing of all the early Spring Shrubs, while its long flowering season makes it a valuable acquisition in any garden. Price 35cts. and 50cts.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora.—Without doubt the best known and most popular summer-flowering Shrub in cultivation. The flowers, which are born in dense pyramidal panicles a foot long, in the greatest profusion, are white when they first open, but gradually change to rose color, and remain in good condition for weeks. each 50cts.

Lilac, Common Purple.—The old favorite and one of the best. 25cts. each.

Lilac, Common white.—Flowers white, very fragrant. each 25ct.

Lilac, Josikea.—A distinct species of tree-like growth with dark, shining leaves and purple flowers, which are produced after all other varieties have finished blooming. each 50cts.

Lilac, Mme. Casimir. Périer.—The finest double white Lilac yet introduced. The individual flowers, which resemble miniature Tuberoses, as well as the truss, are of immense size, deliciously scented; fine for cutting. Price. 50ct. 75ct. and $1.00

Lilac, Marie Legraye.—Beautiful, creamy-white flowers of immense size; bush of dwarf habit. One of the most popular white varieties. Price. 50ct. 75ct. and $1.00

——— --
Mountain Ash.— Handsome small tree with pinnate foliage and bearing corymbs of small white flowers in late spring, followed by large clusters of bright red berries during late Summer and Fall. A beautiful tree for lawn or street curb planting. Prices. 25 ct. 50 ct. 75 ct. and $1.00

Oregon Grape.— A handsome evergreen ornamental shrub with dark, lustrous green, spiny-toothed leaves and yellow flowers in dense clusters. Berries blue or nearly black. Fine as single specimens or in groups. 35 ct. and 50 ct.

Phladelphus Grandiflorus.— (Mock Orange) A large white flowered, robust grower. each 25 cts.

Phladelphus Purpurea Maculata.— Large white flowers, with a rosy-crimson spot at the base of each petal. each 25 cts.

Spiraea, Callosa Alba. — A very dwarf variety; white flowers nearly all summer. each 25 cts.

Spiraea, Bumalda Wallif.— A new sport from Anthony Waterer of a more intense cainson color. each. 35 cts. and 50 cts.

Spiraea Margaritae. — A handsome free-flowering variety with large, flat heads of soft pink flowers from June to October; grows from 3 to 4 feet high. each 25 cts.

Spiraea, Van Houttei. — The grandest of all the white Spiraeas; it is of compact habit and a beautiful ornament for the lawn at any season, but when in flower it is a complete fountain of white bloom, the foliage hardly showing. each 25 ct. and 50 c

Staghorn Sumac. — A large growing, bold and effective Shrub, with delicate fern-like foliage and brilliant scarlet fruit in the autumn. each 35 ct. 50 ct. and 75 ct.

Symphoricarpus Vulgaris. — (Red fruited, or Indian currant) A well known dwarf Shrub with small pink flowers, followed by bright red berries in the Autumn. each 25 cts.

Viburnum Opulus Sterilis. — (Common snowball) The popular white snowball, filled with large pendant balls of white flowers in May. each 25 cts. and 50 cts.

Weigelia Amabilis. — Well known popular Shrub, producing trumpet-shaped flowers of a beautiful pink. each 25 cts.

Weigelia, Rosea Nana Variegata.— A neat dwarf Shrub, valuable for the clearly defined variegations of green, yellow and pink in its leaves; flowers delicate rose and pink. each 25 ct.

Hardy Climbing Plants.

Akebia Quinata. (Akebia vine) One of the most graceful of our hardy climbers, with deep green, small foliage, and producing in early spring numberless bunches of violet-brown flowers, which have a pleasant cinnamon odor. each 25 cts.

Ampelopsis Engelmanni. A greatly improved variety of Virginia Creeper, with dense foliage of a glossy light-green in summer, changing to a brilliant crimson in the autumn. each 25 cts.

Ampelopsis Tricolor. A beautiful and desirable climber, with fine dark green foliage, wonderfully variegated with white and pink; during the late summer and fall the plant is liberally covered with attractive small berries of a peculiar lustrous metallic peacock blue color. each 25 cts.
Ampelopsis Quinquifolia. (Virginia creeper) This well known climber is one of the best and quickest growing varieties for covering arbors etc.; its large, deep green foliage assumes brilliant shades of yellow, crimson and scarlet in the fall. Each 25 cts.

Ampelopsis Veitchii. (Boston ivy) The most popular climbing plant for covering brick, stone or wooden walls etc.; it clings to the smoothest surface like ivy; the foliage is of a rich olive green during the summer, changing to various shades of bright crimson and scarlet in the fall. Each 25 cts.

English Ivy. Invaluable evergreen variety, used for covering etc. and has become very popular for covering graves, especially if in the shade, where grass will not succeed. Each 25 cts.

Hall's Japanese Honneysuckle. Flowers pure white, turning to yellow, fragrant, hardy and almost evergreen. Each 25 cts.

Vitis Humifolia. (Turquoise-Berry vine) One of the most desirable very hardy climbers, with glossy dark green leaves, which are insect and disease proof, always presenting a clean, fresh appearance. In late summer and fall the plant is loaded with berries, which are very attractive in the various stages of ripening, passing through many shades of blue, finally turning black. Each 25 cts.

Vinca Minor. (Periwinkle, or trailing myrtle) An exelent dwarf evergreen trailing plant that is used extensively for carpeting the ground under shrubs and trees, or on graves, where it is to shady for other plants to thrive. Each 25 cts.

Choice Coniferous Evergreens.

Abies Concolor. (Colorado fir) One of the choicest evergreens, of distinct habit and color, which is an attractive silvery green; rare. Fine plants. 10 to 15 inches 50 cts. and 75 cts.

Abies Nordmania. (Nordman's fir) A rare and noble tree, with leaves of a dark green color, maintained throughout the year. 8 to 12 inches in height 50 cts. to 75 cts. each.

Cedrus Atlantica. (Mt. Atlas Cedar) Of vigorous growth, pyramidal form; dense, light silvery foliage, very thick on upper side of the branches. Hardly and valuable. One of the finest evergreens. 12 to 30 inches in height. 50c. 75c. $1. and $1.25

Cupressus Lawsoniana. (Lawson's cypress) A handsome tree of graceful habit; delicate, feathery, bluish-green foliage. Fine specimens 12 to 24 inches in height. 50 cts. 75 cts. and $1.00

Juniperus Virginiana. (Red cedar) Medium growth, tapering form, bright, green foliage. Very useful for ornamental planting. 15 to 24 inches in height. 50 cts. to 75 cts. each

Picea Excelsa. (Norway spruce) The most generally used for evergreen trees. useful for screens and windbreaks on account of its rapid growth. It makes a tall tree and is of pyramidal, symmetrical growth. 15 to 18 inches 50 cts. each

Picea Pungens. (Colorado blue spruce) Few trees are as much sought for as this. The tree forms a dense pyramidal specimen with stiff pungent foliage, and clusters of cones. Well colored specimens, 10 to 12 inches 50 cts. and 75 cts.
Pius Austriaca. (AUSTRIAN PINE) A remarkably robust, hardy tree; leaves long, stiff and dark green; highly ornamental. Valuable for this section of the country; growth rapid. Fine specimens 12 to 24 inches. 50 cts, to 75 cts.

Pinus Strobus. (WHITE PINE) The most ornamental of all our native pines. Foliage light, delicate, silvery green. Will do well in the poorest soils. 18 to 24 inches. 50 cts. and 75 cts


NOTE. The prices given for all ornamental trees and shrubs are net and does not include transportation charges. Small specimens can be shipped by Parcel Post. Larger sizes will be shipped by freight or express.

My Neighbor’s Rose.

The roses red upon my neighbor’s vine
Are owned by him, but they are also mine.
His was was the cost, and his the labor, too,
But mine as well as his the joy, their loveliness to view.

They bloom for me, and are for me as fair
As for the man who gives them all his care.
Thus I am rich, because a good man grew
A rose-clad vine for all his neighbors’ view.

I know from this that others plant for me,
And what they own, my joy may also be;
So why be selfish, when so much that’s fine
Is grown for you, upon your neighbor’s vine.

—ABRAHAM GRUBER.